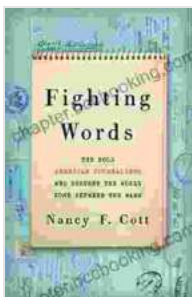


The Bold American Journalists Who Brought The World Home Between The Wars

The interwar period between the two World Wars was a time of great upheaval and change. The world was still reeling from the effects of the Great War, and new ideologies and political movements were emerging. In this tumultuous time, a group of bold American journalists emerged who would help shape the world's understanding of international affairs.



Fighting Words: The Bold American Journalists Who Brought the World Home Between the Wars by Nancy F. Cott

★★★★☆ 4.4 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 30209 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
X-Ray	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 417 pages



These journalists were not content to simply report on the news from afar. They traveled the globe, immersing themselves in the cultures and politics of the countries they visited. They interviewed world leaders, witnessed firsthand the rise of fascism and communism, and reported on the plight of ordinary people caught in the crossfire of war and revolution.

Their work helped to inform and educate the American public about the world beyond their bFree Downloads. They challenged conventional wisdom and stereotypes, and they helped to create a more nuanced understanding of the complex forces shaping the world.

Four of these journalists stood out for their courage, their integrity, and their literary brilliance. They were Dorothy Thompson, Vincent Sheean, John Gunther, and Anne O'Hare McCormick.

Dorothy Thompson

Dorothy Thompson was born in 1893 in Lancaster, Pennsylvania. She began her career as a reporter for the New York Evening Post in 1914. In 1920, she became the first woman to head the foreign news service of a major American newspaper, the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Thompson was a fearless reporter who was not afraid to speak her mind. She was a vocal critic of fascism and communism, and she used her platform to advocate for peace and democracy.

In 1936, Thompson married Sinclair Lewis, the Nobel Prize-winning novelist. The couple lived in Europe for several years, where Thompson continued to report on the rise of fascism.

After the outbreak of World War II, Thompson returned to the United States, where she continued to write and speak out against the Nazis. She died in 1961.

Vincent Sheean

Vincent Sheean was born in 1899 in Tipton, Indiana. He began his career as a reporter for the Chicago Daily News in 1922. In 1925, he was sent to Europe to cover the Locarno Treaties, which were an attempt to prevent another world war.

Sheean was a gifted writer with a keen eye for detail. He was also a compassionate man who was deeply affected by the suffering he witnessed during his travels.

In his book *Personal History*, Sheean wrote about his experiences as a foreign correspondent during the interwar period. He described the rise of fascism in Italy and Germany, the Spanish Civil War, and the outbreak of World War II.

Sheean died in 1975.

John Gunther

John Gunther was born in 1901 in Chicago, Illinois. He began his career as a reporter for the Chicago Daily News in 1922. In 1924, he was sent to Europe to cover the Dawes Plan, which was an attempt to resolve the reparations issue that had been left over from World War I.

Gunther was a prolific writer who wrote over 30 books on a wide range of topics, including history, politics, and travel. He was also a master of the "inside story," and his books were often filled with vivid descriptions of the people and events he had witnessed.

In his book *Inside Europe*, Gunther provided a comprehensive overview of the political and social landscape of Europe in the 1930s. He described the

rise of fascism in Italy and Germany, the Spanish Civil War, and the Munich Agreement.

Gunther died in 1970.

Anne O'Hare McCormick

Anne O'Hare McCormick was born in 1880 in Wakefield, Rhode Island. She began her career as a reporter for the New York Times in 1904. In 1921, she became the first woman to be appointed a foreign correspondent for the Times.

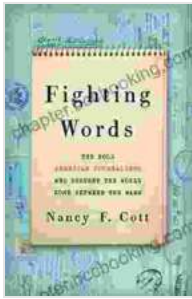
McCormick was a brilliant writer with a deep understanding of international affairs. She was also a fearless reporter who was not afraid to travel to dangerous places.

In her book *The World at Home*, McCormick wrote about her experiences as a foreign correspondent during the interwar period. She described the rise of fascism in Italy and Germany, the Spanish Civil War, and the outbreak of World War II.

McCormick died in 1954.

The four journalists profiled in this article were pioneers in the field of foreign correspondence. They helped to shape the world's understanding of international affairs during a time of great upheaval and change.

Their work is still relevant today, and it continues to inspire journalists around the world to report on the world with courage, integrity, and literary brilliance.



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